



THE INFLUENCE OF THE FAMILY EDUCATIONAL PROCESS ON THE DEVELOPMENT OF A CHILD'S PERSONALITY

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Abstract

This article deals with issues related to the family environment and parental relationships in the upbringing of children. The article can be used by future specialists who are developing their intellectual potential associated with their professional activities.

Keywords: Family communication, early childhood and preschool age, formation, personal success, composition, internal and external influences, factors, parents, pedagogical and psychological knowledge, social closeness.

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ANNOTATSIYA

Mazkur maqolada bola tarbiyasida oila muhiti va ota-ona munosabatlariga oid masalalar qaraladi. Maqoladan bo'lajak mutaxassislar o'z kasbiy faoliyatiga oid intellektual salohiyatini tarkib toptirish bilan shug'ullanuvchilar foydalanish mumkin.



Kalit so‘zlar: Oila muloqot, ilk bolalik va maktabgacha yosh, shakllantirish, shaxsiy muvaffaqiyat, tarkib toptirish, ichki va tashqi ta’sirlar, omillar, ota-ona, pedagogik-psixologik bilimlar, ijtimoiy yaqinlik.

АННОТАЦИЯ

В данной статье рассматриваются вопросы, связанные с семейным окружением и родительскими отношениями в воспитании детей. Статья может быть использована будущими специалистами, которые занимаются развитием своего интеллектуального потенциала, связанного с их профессиональной деятельностью.

Ключевые слова: семейное общение, раннее детство и дошкольный возраст, становление, личностная успешность, состав, внутренние и внешние воздействия, факторы, родители, педагогико-психологические знания, социальная близость..

In order to ensure the strength of the foundation of our great future state, our government pays special attention to raising a healthy generation, raising moral and educational work to a high level, and raising well-rounded people. In particular, the State Program for the Implementation of the Strategy of Actions in Five Priority Areas of Development of the Republic of Uzbekistan for 2017-2021 also identifies the improvement of the pedagogical culture of parents, their duties and responsibilities in raising children as priority tasks. The study of the problems of the formation of a child's personality, family relations, and the interaction of parents with children has always been of great interest to the broad scientific community throughout the development of human society. It is undeniable that the education of children is becoming one of the urgent problems of the disciplines of pedagogy and psychology, psychology, youth and pedagogical psychology, and child psychology. After all, in order to build a great future state, a citizen of any state must first be well-educated in the family and then in a preschool educational institution, and have the opportunity to fully develop as a person. From this perspective, an educational institution, which is considered one



of the main links of continuous education, plays an important role in the formation of a person as a person.

The study of the scientific and theoretical aspects of the psychological characteristics of children of early childhood and preschool age is of great practical importance in pedagogical education. Society is a complex of problems of people, including children. The development and spiritual potential of a democratic society largely depend on the content of psychological and educational education given to these children. Living in society, each child strives to occupy a special place and independent position in it, therefore, he demonstrates his own aspirations, abilities and activity, examples of intellectual labor. There are a number of pedagogical disciplines that study the relationships between children, the place of each person in society and the nature of his various social relations, among which psychology occupies a special place. The family is a part of society. Therefore, the role of the family in raising a child is of great importance. If a child is properly educated from a young age, in the future he will grow up to be a worthy person for society. Of course, the role of parents is great in this, their attitude towards their child, their respect for adults, and the respect of parents for each other are of particular importance. If a young child lies in front of them, we know that children are very curious and ask a lot of questions when they are young, and if we lie about the things they ask, they will have a different opinion about this. The child gradually gets used to this and even if you do not teach him, he will sometimes lie and deceive. But parents never blame themselves for this, but rather scold their child.

According to the English philosopher DJ Locke, “a child’s heart is like a blank sheet of paper on which one can write whatever one wishes,” it is up to the parents to fill this blank sheet with both good and bad things. Parents should have equal responsibility in raising a child. Parenting alone can have a negative impact on the formation of a child’s upbringing.

Nowadays, the number of divorces is increasing sharply, and this situation cannot but affect the upbringing of a child. When a single mother or father raises a child in a family, the surrounding relationships form feelings of distrust and hatred towards their parents. As a result, the child feels alone, as if no one understands



him. Feelings of hatred towards all people are formed. Thanks to communication with adults, the child learns more about the world around him.

According to Canadian psychologist A. Bandura, a child's early personal success depends on his readiness to behave as others expect. He begins to act as his parents expect and as they please him, and begins to act like others. The child should see his parents as an ideal person for himself, not others.

First of all, family stability comes first in raising a child. If our mother raises us to be polite, disciplined, kind, neat, respectful of adults and children, then our father raises us to be responsible, determined, strong, self-confident, and patient. When a child finds himself in a different environment, his respect for adults, his worldview, and the ability to control himself in any situation reflect the upbringing he received in the family. Of course, parents should play a key role in shaping a child's upbringing. A child's first teacher in life is his parents, his family. The better the family environment, the better the child's behavior, self-respect, and manners will be formed.

Based on this, it can be said that if you explain in a good way without being too harsh and emphasize that this action is wrong, the child will not repeat this action again. The Uzbek people are a very child-friendly people, they pay special attention to the upbringing of children, we can witness that they have created ample opportunities for them to study and learn. The family environment and sufficient pedagogical and psychological knowledge of parents are of great importance in the upbringing of the future generation as well-rounded individuals.

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